

	Skema pemarkahan Answer scheme	Sub Markah	Jum Markah																
1(a)	Dapat membina jadual keputusan yang mengandungi : <i>Able to construct a table of results that contains:</i> Kriteria: <i>Criteria:</i> P1: Tajuk dan data bagi pemboleh ubah dimanipulasi <i>Titles and data for manipulated variables</i> Tabung uji / Test tubes : P,Q pH : 1-2, 6-7 P2 : Tajuk bagi pemboleh ubah bergerak balas <i>Titles for responding variables</i> Keadaan campuran / Condition of mixture Awal eksperimen // 0 minit <i>At the beginning of experiment// 0 minute</i> Akhir eksperimen // Selepas 15 minit <i>At the end of experiment // After 15 minutes</i> P3 : Data untuk pemboleh ubah bergerak balas <i>Data for responding variables</i> 4 betul / correct - 2m 3-2 betul / correct – 1m 0 – 1 betul / correct – 0m Contoh jawapan: <i>Sample answer:</i> P1 P2 <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 15%;">Tabung uji <i>Test tube</i></th><th style="width: 10%;">pH</th><th colspan="2" style="width: 75%;">Keadaan campuran <i>Condition of mixture</i></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td style="width: 50%;">Awal eksperimen // 0 minit <i>At the beginning of experiment// 0 minute</i></td><td style="width: 50%;">Akhir eksperimen // Selepas 15 minit <i>At the end of experiment //</i> <i>After 15 minutes</i></td></tr> <tr> <td>P</td><td>2.0</td><td>Keruh <i>Cloudy</i></td><td>Jernih <i>Clear</i></td></tr> <tr> <td>Q</td><td>6.0/ 7.0</td><td>Keruh <i>Cloudy</i></td><td>Keruh <i>Cloudy</i></td></tr> </tbody> </table> Tolak : Warna larutan, cth: putih/ kelabu <i>Reject : Colour of solution, cth: white/ grey</i>	Tabung uji <i>Test tube</i>	pH	Keadaan campuran <i>Condition of mixture</i>				Awal eksperimen // 0 minit <i>At the beginning of experiment// 0 minute</i>	Akhir eksperimen // Selepas 15 minit <i>At the end of experiment //</i> <i>After 15 minutes</i>	P	2.0	Keruh <i>Cloudy</i>	Jernih <i>Clear</i>	Q	6.0/ 7.0	Keruh <i>Cloudy</i>	Keruh <i>Cloudy</i>	1 1 2	4
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(b)(i)	Kenal pasti pemboleh ubah yang dimalarkan dalam eksperimen ini. <i>Identify the constant variable in this experiment.</i> Contoh Jawapan: <i>Sample Answers:</i> Pemboleh ubah dimalarkan: <i>Constant variable:</i> Kepekatan / isipadu enzim pepsin <i>Concentration / volume of enzyme pepsin</i> // Suhu kukus air <i>Temperature of water bath</i> // Isipadu ampaian albumin <i>Volume of albumen suspension</i> Mana-mana 1 <i>Any 1</i>	1	1
(ii)	Dapat menyatakan kaedah mengendalikan pemboleh ubah yang bergerak balas dalam eksperimen ini. <i>Able to state the method to handle the responding variable in this experiment</i> Contoh Jawapan: <i>Sample answers:</i> Memerhati dan merekodkan keadaan / kekeruhan / kejernihan campuran (selepas 15 minit) <i>Observe and record the condition / turbidity / clarity of mixture (after 15 minutes)</i> Tolak : larutan <i>Reject : solution</i>	1	1
(c)	Dapat menyatakan hipotesis bagi eksperimen ini. <i>Able to state a hypothesis of this experiment.</i> P1: Pemboleh ubah dimanipulasi <i>Manipulated variable</i> pH (1/2, 6/7) P2 : Pemboleh ubah bergerak balas dan hubungan: <i>Responding variable and relationship:</i> Kekeruhan / Kejernihan ampaian albumin <i>Turbidity / Clarity of albumen suspension</i> Hubungan – paling / sangat <i>Relationship – the most / very</i> <u>Atau</u>	1 1	2

	Skema pemarkahan <i>Answer scheme</i>	Sub Markah	Jum Markah
	P3 :Pemboleh ubah dimanipulasi <i>Manipulated variable</i> Tindak balas / Aktiviti enzim pepsin <i>Reaction / Activity of enzyme pepsin</i> P4 : Hubungan optimum (hanya untuk pH 1/2) <i>Relationship</i> optimum (only for pH 1/2) P1 + P2 // P3 + P4 Contoh jawapan: <i>Sample answer:</i> P1: Ampaian albumen/ Campuran <u>paling</u> jernih dalam pH 2/ tabung uji P (berbanding dalam pH 7/ tabung uji Q). <i>Albumen suspension/ Mixture is the <u>most</u> clear in pH 2/ test tube P (compared to pH 7/ test tube Q)</i> P2: Ampaian albumen/ Campuran <u>lebih</u> jernih dalam pH 2/ tabung uji P berbanding dalam pH 7/ tabung uji Q. <i>Albumen suspension/ Mixture is the clearer in pH 2/ test tube P compared to pH 7/ tabung uji Q).</i> P3: pH 2 ialah pH optimum untuk tindak balas enzim pepsin <i>pH 2 is the optimum pH for enzyme pepsin activity</i>		
(d)	Dapat menyatakan inferens bagi tabung uji P and Q. <i>Able to state inference for test tube P and Q.</i> Contoh jawapan: <i>Sample answer:</i> Tabung uji P : P1: Protein dihidrolisis dengan lengkap <i>Test tube P: Protein is hydrolysed completely</i> P2: Kadar tindak balas (enzim) lebih tinggi <i>Rate of (enzymatic) reaction is higher</i> Tabung uji Q: P3: Protein tidak dihidrolisis dengan lengkap <i>Test tube Q: Protein is not hydrolysed completely</i> P4: Kadar tindak balas enzim lebih rendah <i>Rate of enzymatic reaction is lower</i> Mana-mana P1/P2 atau P3/ P4 <i>Any P1/P2 or P3/ P4</i>	1 1 1 1	2

	Skema pemarkahan <i>Answer scheme</i>	Sub Markah	Jum Markah
(e)	Dapat menyatakan dan menerangkan tabung uji yang menunjukkan pH yang optimum untuk aktiviti enzim pepsin. <i>Able to state and explain the test tube that shows optimum pH for enzyme pepsin activity.</i> Contoh Jawapan: Sample Answers: P1 : Tabung uji P <i>Test tube P</i> P2 : Ampaian albumin yang keruh menjadi (paling) jernih <i>The cloudy / chalky albumen suspension becomes (most) clear</i> P3: Kadar hidrolisis protein (dalam albumen) paling tinggi <i>Rate of protein hydrolysis (in albumen) is the highest</i>	1 1 1	3
(f)	Dapat memberikan definisi secara operasi bagi hidrolisis. <i>Able to give the operational definition for hydrolysis.</i> P1: Proses / tindak balas pemecahan / penguraian kompleks / protein dalam albumen selama <u>15 minit</u> <i>Process / reaction of breakdown of complex / protein in albumen in 15 minutes</i> P2: oleh enzim pepsin pada pH 2 <i>by enzyme pepsin in pH 2</i> P3: menyebabkan ampaian (albumen)/ campuran keruh menjadi jernih <i>Causing cloudy (albumen) suspension/ mixture turns clear</i> Mana-mana 2P Contoh Jawapan: Sample Answers: Hidrolisis ialah proses pemecahan protein di dalam albumen selama 15 minit oleh enzim pepsin pada pH 2 menyebabkan ampaian albumen yang keruh menjadi jernih. <i>Hydrolysis is a process of breakdown of protein in albumen for 15 minutes by enzyme pepsin in pH 2 causing cloudy albumen suspension turns clear</i> Mana-mana dua <i>Any two</i>	1 1 1	2
	TOTAL		15

PERATURAN PEMARKAHAN TAMAT

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